the black boat blood of the Hold bull of that funder about of the Luggegeor over of ohn Hon mile is long Man Man Man Miles Charles for Man Hon miles son Miles Che black boat HE

TOUR OF TIME.

A DESCRIPTIVE POEM.

INTERSPERSED WITH NOTES HISTORICAL AND EXPLANATORY.

BY ROBERT PARSLEY.

To please my Neighbour is my only Aim, And hope the Effort some Applause may claim; Or should I fail, not meaning to offend, I trust they'll pardon, the' they can't commend.

PRINTED AND SOLD BY THE AUTHOR, NEAR CHRIST-CHURCH, SURREY.
M.DCC.LXXXVIII.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

With a copy of friction wheels

ROMERVI tore appointed to the first . He to give yet, it was tracked to the tracked to guidant of the state of the same and the same Late Land State St high Hillard headers his Caylouth countries SEL CONTROL OF THE REPHER DELIC CHRISTIC HET DE LANGE Dearth Landon Men ्रिकारियो एक अपूर्ण स्थानन न

THE WITHIN TRIFLE

IS HUMBLY DEDICATED

To the INHABITANTS of the Parish of CHRIST-CHURCH, SURREY;

By their obedient,

the side as bold a section with day a community

To may in carnell wind I we done to be seen

the seal printerior jong to a total property and

the well-hoped two and treatment of the

wing volues all this or your noat the win

How men the perante left, the stante i

And obliged Servant,

There was repose, and spicad a conclusion and December 15, 1788.

a a re-

R. PARSLEY.

THE

AUTHOR'S ADDRESS

TO HIS BOOK.

Altered from Badcock.

POOR hapless offspring of an heedless hour,
On casual mercy like the foundling thrown;
How wilt thou struggle with the critic's pow'r;
How meet the pedant's lash, the bigot's frown.

the Parith of

See there a direful phalanx, see them come,

Critics, Poets, Doctors, from Oblivion's Court;

"Grinning a ghastly smile," each leaves his tomb,

To pay in earnest what I've done in sport.

Ah! luckless child of fancy's frolic hour,
Where can thy weakness for protection flee;
Haste, haste to friendship's ever peaceful bow'r,
There seek repose, and spread a couch for me.

T . H . E . He base med all . A. H . T

He values that beyond his country

And exected works of any the well map d buff.

The clories of the Greek and Kornan achier

Sant alliew Be forth and and soil older on A Ac-

Pime curbs the wind, rolly back the chbine we

Which forms control from ev'ry pow'r bende

TOUR OF TIME.

His toron is mario; and as merch a life in WHILE never-halting Time with fcythe and glass, we bak Enumerates our moments as they pass; in and and more of the world will will be the standard of Mild reason bids us prize the seeting hour, In the How baA And feize the profer'd good, while in our power: To fate obedient seasons pass away, Nor will a minuet for a monarch flay; .The cringing favorite mongh the courtly crew, my assb shill. Whose smiling prospects all in envy view; a also draway and I While lolling careles 'gainst his master's throne, By Time's vindictive hand hurl'd head long down; Reduced from glory, to the verge of shame, with and the state of the s And made the scoff of those he rais'd to same. The true-born patriot, who wou'd fpill his blood, Or part with life, for his dear country's good; and spale HO By Time convinc'd to ill his notions tend, a range as and work He fees his error, and refolves to mend;

ni

Accepts a place, and proves by hearty zeal, He values that beyond his country's weal; But 'tis not man alone that owns the fway, The Great Command all nature must obey; And eke the works of art, the well shap'd bust, By time is crumbled to its native dust; And mouldring pyramids alone proclaim, The glories of the Greek and Roman name; Time curbs the wind, rolls back the ebbing tide, Which scorns controul from ev'ry pow'r beside; · His touch is magic, and unmatch'd his skill, And even Death is subject to his will; With chaos' felf he did a life sustain, which was the state of the sta And will exist 'till chaos comes again : Till at the no see blild While onward he pursues his endless tour, And all things bear the relics of his pow'r; On new form'd wonders with delight we gaze, war a live soil. While dear variety her charms displays. The proverb tells us " nought is new below", william start of Yet every age can fomething nouvelle shew; Nay oft the fun in his diurnal carr, Sand seemble and will Sees transformation shed her vivid glare it wood arou ason sil And in the period of a few years space, to thost advolum bat. In men and manners too, doth oft take place; a sent sure and Old usage fails, new customs come instead; the drive the to New scenes appear and former prospects fade : av non and y& As now the muse which Time prompts on to fing, and and all And make her numbers thro' the welkin ring;

In humble metre tells, or strives to tell, To all who in this famous * Hamlet dwell; Where now the bard his meaning doth confine, Invoking prudence well to fcan each line; For poets who wou'd live exempt from thrall, Must rather dip their pen in milk, then gall: No fulsome flatt'ry shall distain these sheets, Which palls the appetite with luscious sweets; Nor four invective shall there here be found, Which like a caustic burns and probes the wound: Satire I loath—it only feeds the spleen, Nor would I ridicule my King or Queen; But hold them up in their due estimation, A bright example for this happy nation: To please my neighbour is my only aim, I british a solle be a And hope the effort some applause may claim: Or should I fail, not meaning to offend, I trust they'll pardon, the' they can't commend. A picture of the present scene to draw, had a become and had And veil those beauties our fore-fathers saw, Wou'd be abandoning my first intent, Of watching Time thro's every maze he went : his out to wat. A splendid bridge which Milne's bright art displays, Bids foreigners with pleasing wonder gaze: While natives grateful this fair bulwark view, word and the little of th Which aids their commerce and their pleasure too to the critices, who used to their pleasure and the critices of the commerce and their pleasure too.

at kittles, &c.

But let me first that period declare, of no ,elist smem sid and in When citizens came forth to take the air shall ni od w line And ferried over with a skull to play, and hand and was orad ?? At skittles, and conclude the toilfome day: Then * Adam Cain whose fame is lasting still, Met every vifitant with free good will a riad to sente fall And offer'd each a trial of his skills is Hard with amother old For he cou'd tip all nine, 'twas vaft renown, But death at Time's decree has sip'd him down : David and to de Yet let not thoughts of Death on Time appallant and about V For 'tis by fate the common lot of all; who desprised being A fafe retreat from cases that fure wou'd tire, And pleasures that at last would cloy define a que minds blod not Duck hunting was a passime then in vogue, sigman addition A And often gratified the wanton rogue: 200 delet ym stadd o'T' Who thought no harm to torture a poor bird, he add to the head. Nor to its fense of feeling paid regard: m sen that I blood at The Westward corner was the fam'd resort, had hived had he And that indeed is still a spot for sport; melong of to studie A. Duck hunting e'en is now in fashion there; The + Dog and Duck remain just where they were and not the Except this diffrence Time no change has made, The sportsmen then were done who livid by trade at his dollar A And wander'd forth to take a fober pipe, day arenge and abile Confulting how to pluck their plumb when sipes avitage of id!

^{*} Adam Cain's was a house much frequented by the citizens, who used to ferry over to play at skittles, &c.

⁺ St. George's Spa, or the Dog and Duck.

But many reasons here may be confign'd, Why then and now men wear an alter'd mind. But stop my muse, nor quit the promis'd plan, Revert to Christ Church where thy theme began; Which to St. Saviour's did ere while belong, Tho' alter'd now, the epithet's not wrong : however of the One appellation ferves for either name, As Christ and Saviour surely mean the same. To Harry Padgetts * dome fome took their way, So fam'd for humming ale as old men fay; Right Orthodox he stil'd the cheering cup, And recommended all to take a fup; So potent was this juice 'twould make the fad, *Forget their anxious forrows and grow glad : Let France and Spain their clust'ring vineyards boast, But Sir John Barleycorn shall rule the roast; For British knights were ever of renown, And this a knight that's honor'd by the crown; Inspires each genius and improves each art, And makes right orthodox each Britons heart. + Where now the pauper earns his daily fare, The ancients met to bait the favage bear;

"CILK

all ord drive in a retired over the control of the land

^{*} Harry Padjett was fam'd for felling fine ale, which he named Orthodox.

[†] The Workhouse was originaly an assembly for musical performances and bear baiting; after the cruel diversion of bating the bear, the company adjourned to the concert room; the last proprietors name was Larkin, these performances were generally on Sundays, in the reign of Henry

Then when the scene of barbarous mirth was ore, or your and and Old Larkin gave them music's dulcit love, won bus need you'll

And where fair charity benignly smiles,

To chear the life thats worn with hardy toils,

Facetious Charles with all his merry court,

To join in jocund dance would oft refort;

And taste the asparagus that grew hard by,

The first of British growth let none deny;

VIII. One Crawley, a poet and printer, made and printed the following verses against bear bating, which is more commended for its zeal than its poetry.

What folly is this to keep with danger,

A great mastiff dog and a fowle ugly bear,

And to this one end, to see them both fight,

With terrible tearings, a ful ougly sight.

And yet methinks those men be most fools of al,

Whose store of money is but very smal;

And yet every Sunday they will surely spend,

One peny or two, the bearward's living to mend.

At Paris Garden each Sunday a man shall not fail,

To find two or three hundred for the bearward's vale;

One halspeny a piece they use for to give,

When some have not more in their purses, I believe.

Wel at the last day their conscience will declare,

That the poor might have all that they might spare;

If you therefore it give to see a bear fight,

Be sure God his curse upon you will light.

See Stow's Survey.

This Parish (as already mentioned) till of late, was a district belonging to that of St. Saviour's, denominated Paris Garden, in which were antiently kept two Bear Gardens, (which appears to have been the first that were erected in the neighbourhood of the City of London), for the entertainment of the populace, one whereof being overcharged with spectators on a Sunday, in the year 1582 it fell down during the performance, and a great number of persons were killed and wounded.

In Green Walk are the alms houses of Charles Hopson, Esq. streated in a neat square; there are twenty fix houses for the reception of decayed tradesmen, and an elegant committee room, where the trustees trained the business of the charity. On the spot where these alms houses now stand, was formerly an assembly-house of King Charles II, and in the garden belonging thereunto was the first asparagus raised in England.

Tho' Battersea presumes t'affert her claim, and seed meeting To this bright trophy of botannic fames was od chand on head Yet we of Paris Garden manor, own, to an annual harbon part In cutting fimples they were first 'tis known; But for afparagus, those of St. Saviour, him and the state of the saviour, him and the saviour of the saviour o First cut the luscious bud and prov'd its savour That famous dyer # Byfield of renown, Who the no patriot, dy'd to ferve the crown; Not like the hero who expos'd in battle, Were cannons thunder and where musquets rattle; Die for their king with no reward but fame, For when he dy'd the due reward he'd claim; Thro' life's gay scenes there's none can say he hurried, For he dy'd twenty years ere he was buried, the mind hand What I affert is neither jeft or forn, and another area Ten years he dy'd ere his first son was born.

Yet nature feem'd uncouth in every part,

Requiring aid from her fair handmaid art;

Their cottages were paltry, low and mean,

The lanes were narrow and but feldom clean;

Yet learned heads and honeft hearts were found,

In focial neighbourhood to dwell around;

Still those were shunned by the great and gay,

Few came but thro' necessity that way;

Mr. Byfield, dyer to the royal wardrobe, was fam'd for his delightful and extensive gardens, canals, &c. The remains of the canals and part of his orchard, are now to be seen opposite to Burrow's Buildings.

[12]

Confusion took her stand upon the shore, main and to it And the hoarse boatmen bellow'd scull or oar; it wind and o'T The uncivil manners of those knaves offended, in the swife I Which caus'd the lystem to be chang'd and mended: Then public spirit rear'd her head on high, Which like a glowing meteor caught each eye and and the shall The bridge a safe commodious road display'd, And daring infult for convenience firsy'd; some on war only While mild civility her reign began, to down and the second to the secon For change in manners makes a change in man; Their bridge, tho' finish'd, yet they still lament, One evil which prograftinates th' intent; A fine was levied—paffengers must pay, Or bend their destin'd course a different way; To free born Britons this was something hard, Yet 'twas complaint that met with no regard: To hinds who earned three groats a day 'twas killing, To part a penny from the splendid shilling: By zeal impress'd, this hardship to remove, And favoring fortune's bleffings to improve; Th' inhabitants of Christ Church, in one mood, And one united phalanx, firmly flood, T' oppose oppression and her monstrous crew; Success approv'd and crown'd the measures too: Now liberty unshackled as the air, With smiling features blooming blythe and fair; Chaunts her gay fong and trips it o'er the piers, Her hopes are crown'd and banishd'd all her fears:

Still to such patriots we must give applause,

Who nobly stood in freedom's facred cause:

Still may their honors and their wealth increase,

And each day crown'd with happiness and peace.

See from the finking marsh a road extend,

Firm, wide, and useful to its distant end;

While on each fide the well form'd buildings rise,

Neat and convenient to the gazer's eyes:

Some stately, some for humbler tenants made,

Some with broad windows for each shewy trade;

Some for mechanics shou'd they hither come,

For every calling here may find a home.

From ruddy morning to the close of day,
The busy workmen on each side the way,
On labour bent, their various tools employ,
Health waits their exercise, and toil is joy;
From each to each the song or laugh is heard,
As stroke with stroke the hammer is uprear'd;
The forming sile now grates upon the ear,
And all is industry around you hear:
The low built cottage now no more disgrace
The rising glories of this envied place;
The swamps and marshes now no more appear,
And every path is from obstruction clear.

So if large things we may compare with small, This spacious globe, this vast terrestrial ball; From darkness and the regions of old night;

Sprung into order gloriously light:

Pleasure and trade now pleas'd alike expand,

And population crowns this alter'd strand;

From pole to pole the busy crouds resort,

To lend this new form'd colony support;

Cosmopolites for traffic hither roam,

Some with avidity for pleasure come;

The grateful muse to please each sect inclin'd,

Thus strives to satisfy th'admiring mind.

* The Albion Mills first your attention claim,
The power of mechanism must give them same;
Wheels verge on wheels to aid each active part,
And proves the whole a wond'rous piece of art;
Across the road you'll other objects find,
To wake the sancy and improve the mind;
Exhaustless nature still supports her claim,
And arts are secondary yet in same;
Rare birds and beasts collected from each shore,
Which noble minds for knowledge still explore;
By Lever & brought here to the eye expand,
The native wonders of each foreign land;

The Albion Mills is a neat and extensive piece of building, for an explanation of the Steam Engine, see Chambers' Dictionary. No strangers are admitted but through the means of a proprietor's ticket.

[§] Nearly opposite to Albion Mills is the museum of the late Sir Ashton Lever, now in the possession of Mr. Parkinson, who has added many valuable curiosities to the collection, and in honour to the first possession, has distinguished it under the title of the Leverian Museum.—Admittance every day, Sundays excepted, from ten in the morning till four in the afternoon, at half-a-crown each.

The learned fage devoted to virtu',

May here the treasures of creation view;

The hippopotamus of monstrous size,

'Midst pigmy quadrupids of various dyes,

Strikes with astonishment the gazers eyes:

Who with ejaculatious near divine,

Cry'd, Lord! how glorious is each work of thine.

* Marshall due honors next must surely claim,

He needs no herald to pronounce his same;

. Mr. John Marshall, of the Borough of Southwark, Gent. by his last will, dated Aug. 21, 1627, and proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, April 15, 1631, did devife the fum of feven hundred pounds towards erecting a church, with an estate of fixty pounds per annum, clear of all reprifes, toward the maintenance of a minister, to officiate in the said church. In pursuance of which will the trustees appointed for the management of this business, having obtained a piece of ground in the precinct of Paris Gardens, with a convenient cemetry, they fet about the work, wherein they expended the fum of feven hundred pounds, together with divers others collected for that purpose; and although the said sums were not sufficient to finish the work, yet the inhabitants of the district wherein it is built, applied to parliament in the year 1670, to have the same erected into a parish, for accomplishing the intention of Mr. Marshall, the founder, which the parliament taking into confideration, they conflituted the faid district a distinct parish, by the appellation of Christ Church, according to the will of the founder, and in all respects made it independent of that of St. Saviour's, as if it had never belonged to the same. And by the authority aforesaid, the trustees, the heirs, and assigns, were appointed patrons of the said church for ever, with a power of raising money out of the founder's estate, for compleatly finishing the said church, and for paying the fum of one hundred pounds to the parish of St. Saviour's, in lieu of the contributions formerly paid by the inhabitants of this diffrict towards the repairs of the church. And for the better maintenance of the rector, he and his successors are empowered to receive all tythes, compositions for tythes, oblations and dues whatfoever, which the inhabitants of the new parish were accustomed to pay before they were separated from that of St. Saviour's. The ground whereon the church stands, together with the cemetry, was given by Mr. Willian Angel, the then lord of the manor.

The brick church and steeple of this parish, by reason of bad soundations, became very ruinous, insomuch that Mr. Marshall's trustees applied to parliament in the year 1737, for a power to rebuild the same, with the sum of two thousand sive hundred pounds in their hands, which arose from the said trust: pursuant to their petition, an act was made to enable them to rebuild the said church, within the space of three years from the 25th of December, 1738.

STOW says in his Survey, (speaking of Paris Garden being made a parish church) "The inhabitants on the west part of Southwark, bordering on the Thames, were multiplied considerably, consisting of woodmongers, timber merchants, shipwrights, bargemen, watermen, and such whose living depended on the river; and being a good distance from St. Saviour's church, it was a reasonable and pious act to provide a nearer place for these people to meet together for divine worship."

101

No tomb nor scrip need tell where he's inter'd,
A lasting monument himself has rear'd;
He set a beacon up a special guide,
For all who combat life's impetuous tide;
Thro' bursting billows, shoals, or murky skies,
It points to th' haven of eternal joys.

If from this hallow'd doom some chuse to stray,
And find the road to heaven a different way;
A tabernacle built for pious Hill ‡,
The deed was virtuous, and confirms the will:
Devotion, by whatever rite, if meant
For pure devotion, answers the intent.
The § Magdalen such blessings doth impart,
It claims the tribute of the humane heart;
Form'd for the wretched penitent's relief,
To calm their forrows, and allay their grief:
Where many a daughter by seduction crost,
By kindred mourn'd, to anxious parents lost;
But here admitted through the friendly door,
Brought back to virtue—taught to sin no more.
Those who equestrian exercises chuse,

Must fure admire the matchless skill of Hughes *:

The Surrey Chapel (better known by the name of the Rev. Rowland Hill's Chapel,) was built by subscription, and opened by the above gentleman on Easter Sunday, 1783.—Service twice on the sabbath, at eleven in the morning, and six in the evening; and every Tuesday evening and Friday morning throughout the year.

⁵ The Magdalen Hospital, a receptacle for penitent profittutes, was instituted in the year 1758, originally in Prescot-street, Goodman's fields; the present building was incorporated in the year 1769. Here is public worship twice every sabbath, at eleven in the morning, and fix in the evening, when a collection is made on entering the chapel.

^{*} The Royal Circus, or Hughes's Riding School, a place of public entertainment; the building

For taught by him the horse such feats displays,
As fills the mind with wonder and amaze;
And when the ring with loud applause resounds,
With zealous pride th'imprison'd courser bounds,
Elate with praise, which proves the tale not treason,
That tells us instinct is as vain as reason:
The magic scene of mirth-fraught pantomime,
And jocund humour, cant be deem'd a crime:
The Royal Circus brings all this to sight,
And smiling fancy charms you every night.
When daily toil forsakes her rigid station,
The mind is sooth'd by modest relaxation.

Thus a new colony this spot appears,
Where Industry her tow'r-crown'd head uprears:
And if the muse cou'd scan the womb of time,
Or might predict, she'd say, This new-found clime,
Should vie with any in the lists of same,
Or, thus improving, just precedence claim.
The old inhabitants with wonder view,
A scene so strange, so charming, and so new:
To every emegant, from every part,
Whate'er his science, or whate'er his art;
Waving the peaceful olive see them stand,
To give all welcome to this new found land.

is a very neat edifice, the infide of which is fitted up in a very elegant flyle; the amusements confist of equestrian performances, burlettas, ballets, pantomimes, &c. The usual time of performance is generally from Easter Monday till the latter end of September.—Admittance, boxes 3s. pit 2s. and gallery 1s.

Such kindness to the Author has been shewn, aid ve trigues as a And thus he aims t'acknowledge the fair boon: bring and alias A. But now the muse wants words which shou'd reveal;

The gratitude his bosom sure must feel: bring shous a different waste of the best should be a bring and the state of the wishes tow'rd his neighbours are the best surface of the And 'till the vital spark shall cease to glow, so enough property and the He'll aim to earn the favors they bestow, as a mount in the same of back.

May health, and wealth, and peace to all extend played and the United may they live like friend and friend; your goard had 'Tis concord is the cement of mankind, and he will be all the will had the Church may we ever find, about a bound of the control of the co

Thus a new colony this (pot appears, Where Industry her tow'r screwn'd head upreventad if the rouse could tran the wronth of time. And if the rouse could tran the lay, This new stound climation with any in the late of fame, and Or, thus improving, but procedence claim. The old intabitant, with fronteners claim.

The old intabitant, with fronteners claim.

A forme so drange, to everalize the new to every energence, frontale very one.

Whate'er his science, or whate'er his et.

ERRATA. Page 5, line 6, for minuet, read minute.—Page 10, line 1, for ore read o'er.—Page 11, line 10, for Were, read Where?

i., very neatedifice, the inside of which is fitted up in a very elegant flyle; the anti-ments count of constitute partial makes, bullets, parenatimes, &c. The plant instant performance is generally from Labor Meades oil the latter ved of deptendent makes, outside this pit set as I gellary is.

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